

PHILOLOGY

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Causative verbs faire and laisser in modern French (based on the material of the novel by M. Bussi «Don't let go»)

It is considered the causative as a functional-semantic category. The analysis of the works of several linguists, in particular gaulists, allows us to distinguish two main types of causative meaning in French: factive and permissive. Causative constructions formed by means of the service causative verbs faire (to do) and laisser (to leave) were selected by the method of continuous sampling and contextual analysis. These verbs are the main representative means of causative in French. The situations and their subtypes had been analyzed, where faire + inf. (to force to do smth.) and laisser + inf. (to let to do smth.) constructions are used to actualize cause-and-effect relationships. The material of the study was a novel by a modern French writer M. Bussi «Don't let go». In total, 105 constructions were identified in the text of the novel, 55 of which were formed using the verb faire, with the verb laisser – 50 constructions.

Key words: causation, causative situation, causative verb, situation, subject, object, cause-and-effect relationship.

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