

## PHILOLOGY

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### **About some preconditions of using indirect speech acts in different institutional English styles (interaction of pragmatic and non-pragmatic aspects)**

One of the main principles of linguistics of the end of the XX – beginning of the XXI centuries is anthropocentrism. The focus of this paradigm on a person predetermines a deep interest in the language, because the language, in its essence, is anthropocentric. Linguistic realities can acquire true meaning only in the text. Text-centrism is one of the characteristic features inherent to anthropocentric linguistics. The text is analyzed within the framework of a wide range of approaches and represents a problem-rich field for research. This article also touches upon one of such relevant issues as intertextuality, which presents a dialogue not only between the author and the reader, but also between whole eras and cultures. This tells us that through the text you can learn culture, civilization. No less important for researchers is the fact that intertextuality means also such a property of invariant features determined by the type of text, as reproducibility in a specific text.

Key words: pragmatics, discursive practices, intertextuality, text and over text levels, extralinguistic factors, indirect speech acts.

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