

HISTORY
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Fedorov V.I. Zemstvo in Yakutia: transformation processes of self-administration bodies

It became possible to introduce zemstvo in Siberia only after the February Revolution. It caused a significant transformational changes in the bodies of self-government. Territorial self-government was carried out from the top of the Provisional Government and was a significant difference in its democratic nature. It was first introduced on the basis of the will of the voters, which ensured high legitimacy of elected land structures and their powers within the territories. Zemstvo institutions in Yakutia, trying to make as much as possible in a positive economic and cultural development of their territories, allowed to reassess the authority in matters of self-financing. Civil rebellions and revolutionary storm in Russia did not give opportunities to form zemstvo and forced to be eliminated from history, particularly in Yakutia in March 1920.

Key words: zemstvo, land authorities, transformation, self-administration, revolution, reform, elections, vote, regions, administration.

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